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0. Executive summary

## BEV sales buck overall market trend

BEV sales have stood out as a shining beacon in a rather depressed car market this year. Global BEV sales in the first half of 2022 rose by 81% compared to the equivalent period last year. This is impressive in its own right, but even more so when one considers that overall global sales of all powertrains actually fell by 12% in the same period.

Much of the increase can be attributed to China, where BEV sales more than doubled in H1 2022 relative to H1 2021 to more than two million. PHEV sales growth was even more rapid in China, up by 170% in H1 2022 vs. H1 2021, although the absolute number of PHEV sales were significantly lower than for BEVs. The particularly high PHEV growth rate can be partially explained by the continuing high cost of the larger BEV batteries and product availability.

The PHEV market in Europe has been heading in the opposite direction, as OEMs prioritize BEV sales in order to meet emissions targets and burgeoning customer demand. In the first half of 2022, overall PHEV sales decreased by 14% in the ten European markets analyzed relative to the same period last year. Given the EU's recent commitment to measure PHEV CO<sub>2</sub> emissions based on what the vehicles actually emit, potentially replacing previous figures often accused of being unrealistically low, the priorities of European OEMs are only likely to be reinforced.

Changes in market share over the last couple of years reveal the sustained rise of BEVs. Comparing the year 2020 with H1 2022, BEV market share in China has increased from 4% to 17%, and in the ten analyzed European markets from 7% to 13%.

As EV start-ups are now finding it increasingly challenging to raise the market funding they need to continue and expand their operations, established OEMs are in an ideal position to benefit from this market growth.



Sales of battery electric vehicles in China more than doubled in the first half of 2022 in comparison with the same period in 2021

107%

Increase in BEVs purchased in China in H1 2022 vs. H1 2021



1. News and highlights

## BEV entry into mainstream confirmed by recent developments

## **OEMs** launch long-range sedans

Auto manufacturers continue to launch new and diverse BEV products as they view an increasingly electrified future within a highly competitive environment.

While SUVs have been the recent focus of this product offensive, three recently revealed, high-profile concepts suggest that sedans will continue to play an important role. This segment also has a more important role in Asia and North America.

VW recently debuted the ID.Aero, which it plans to put into production in mid-2023. The ID. Aero's aerodynamic shape, five-meter length and a range in excess of 600 kilometers are designed to appeal to the growing premium BEV market in China, where it will go on sale first before becoming available in Europe and North America.<sup>1</sup>

The Hyundai Ioniq 6, due in showrooms in 2023, is another aerodynamic BEV with a

potential range of more than 600 kilometers. Its sleek design gives it a drag coefficient, the measure of how well a car cuts through the air. of just 0.21, which will place it among the most aerodynamically-efficient vehicles on the market 2

Also on the horizon, this time in 2025, is the Mercedes Vision AMG. The first preview of the car revealed a sleek, aerodynamic, sporty shape, but with four doors, set to compete against the Porsche Taycan.3

## More fleets go electric

Various companies and organizations have announced major deals for significant expansion of their BEV fleets. BEVs are becoming more attractive due to the favorable TCO, total cost of ownership, and greater product availability.

Hertz has declared plans to purchase up to 65,000 BEVs over the next five years, through a partnership with Polestar, following on from its commitment to order 100,000 Teslas by the end of 2022.4

The ride-hailing company Cabify is to receive a €40 million loan from the European Investment Bank to help purchase 1,400 electric vehicles in its home market of Spain and develop the required infrastructure. The company aims to have a zero-emission fleet by 2025 in Spain and then worldwide by 2030.5

Vemo, a Mexican BEV taxi operator, has placed an order for 1,000 EVs from BYD, a Chinese manufacturer. 6 Meanwhile, FedEx has received its first 150 electric delivery trucks from BrightDrop, a GM subsidiary, as it moves towards purchasing only electric pickup and delivery fleet vehicles by 2030.7

Further signs that BEVs are going mainstream include a bill passed by the Connecticut legislature requiring 100% of the state's fleet to be electric by 2030,8 and Real Madrid's announcement that all members of its soccer and basketball teams will be given fully electric BMW vehicles.9



1. News and highlights

## Innovation continues as competitors look to steal a march

#### Charging is combined with customer experience

In the long-term, a comprehensive charging infrastructure will need to cater for vehicles that are predominantly, if not exclusively, electric. However, intriguing innovations are emerging that aim to satisfy charging demand in the nearer term, while strengthening the company brand.

Following the success of its pilot project in Nuremberg, Audi has announced that it will expand its fast-charging hub concept to 13 more sites across Europe over the next three years. The Nuremberg site does not only host six rapid charge points, but also a 200m<sup>2</sup> lounge with a meeting room and terrace. Since the site opened in December 2021, more than 3,600 charges have been made. The site is open to all BEVs, although Audi drivers have accounted for around half the visits.1

Meanwhile, plans have been submitted in Los Angeles by Tesla to build a diner and drive-in movie theater in combination with a BEV charging station. The proposed 24-hour site will incorporate 34 charging stations, with two screens and indoor and outdoor seating allowing customers to relax while their vehicles are being recharged.<sup>2</sup>

### **OEMs** plough investment into tech

Auto manufacturers continue their hunt for the technical know-how that can give them an edge over competitors.

Mercedes intends to use a high-efficiency battery in its G-class SUVs which are due by 2025. The battery will be supplied by Sila, a battery materials company in which Mercedes invested in 2019. The new siliconbased anode offers up to a 40% improvement in energy density and improves driving range per charge.3

Nissan is one of several companies developing SSB, solid-state batteries, which promise faster charging times and greater range. Producing them on a mass scale has to date proved challenging, but Nissan says it will start selling a BEV with an SSB by 2028.4

On a similar note, Solid Power, a developer of solidstate batteries for BEVs, aims to begin sending preproduction battery cells by the end of 2022 for validation testing by partners BMW and Ford.<sup>5</sup>

Porsche has acquired a \$100 million stake in USbased battery start-up Group14 Technologies as part of its plans to develop high-performance battery cells. Group14 produces advanced silicon-carbon technology for lithium-ion batteries.6

### **Circular solutions sought**

Companies are responding to growing regulatory demand for battery recycling. BMW will work jointly with Huayou Recycling to recycle its used electric vehicle batteries and return the raw materials for reuse to build new cells. VW and several partners have launched a project named HVBatCycle, which will seek to develop technology to keep cathode metals, electrolyte and graphite in a permanently closed loop.8 And Toyota has followed Ford, Volvo and Tesla in striking a deal with Redwood Materials, which aims to break down end-of-life batteries and use their materials in new ones.9

#### **Authorities confirm ambitious targets**

The EU's 27 member states approved the end of the sale of combustion engine vehicles by 2035 in Europe. An intermediate objective of a 55% reduction in CO<sub>2</sub> emissions for cars, and 50% for vans, was agreed for 2030.10

Regulators in California have proposed that 35% of cars sold in 2026 must be zero emission. This percentage would increase yearly until all vehicles will need to be zero emission by 2035.11

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Autocar. 7 June 2022





## Emerging BEV Start-ups face liquidity pressure

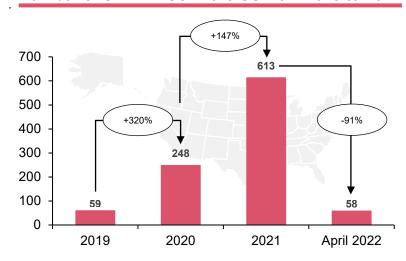
In the last couple of years, a number of BEV startups have entered the market through the mechanism of a SPAC, special purpose acquisition company, a publicly traded shell company set up specifically to merge with a private company and take it public. However, this highly productive avenue for start-ups is now facing major hurdles, blunting the insurgent threat to incumbent OEMs.

The SPAC route was attractive to BEV start-ups because it offered an efficient short-cut to an IPO, initial public offering. Most deals were warmly welcomed by markets, and share prices soared. Recently, greater regulatory scrutiny, underperformance, and a challenging market environment in general have led to a shift in investor sentiment.

Regulatory checks have been more rigorous for traditional IPOs than for a SPAC merger, which was characterized by a comparative lack of underwriting and financial due diligence. Fearing that the system was overly lax, the SEC in the US has launched a crackdown, proposing an expansion of underwriter liability and greater disclosure of information. It has also opened investigations into some BEV companies.

Nervous markets have responded accordingly, with major and abrupt share price reductions for prominent BEV start-ups. The July 2022 stock price for Lucid, Faraday Future and Fisker have fallen by 60% from their highest levels, and for Arrival and Nikola by more than 90%. The number of SPAC IPOs across all industries in the US has tumbled from 613 in 2021 to just 58 up to April 2022.

#### Number of SPAC IPOs in the US from 2019 to 2022

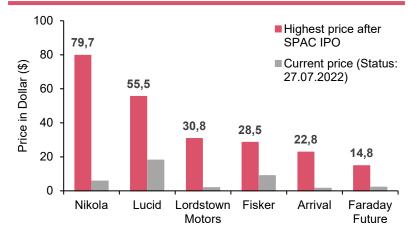


With rising inflation and recession fears, current and future start-ups seeking to continue and expand their operations will find it more difficult to raise necessary funding, potentially leading to serious liquidity challenges. In combination with high burn rates, it is crucial for BEV start-ups to raise funds to survive in a highly competitive market environment.

Underwriters will inevitably treat SPAC applications with more caution. As a result, fewer BEV start-ups will be able to go public through a SPAC merger, forcing them to undertake the more traditional yet cumbersome IPO route in order to raise finance.

With such major obstacles confronting disruptive challengers to their hegemony, large incumbent OEMs will have freer rein to capitalize on the massive global expansion of the BEV market.

## Highest stock price after SPAC IPO vs. current price





2. Analyst insights

## BEV sales to grow with new product introductions

Top BEV models so far in 2022

## **European Top 4**



| Model                 | Sales Jan-Jun '22 |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Fiat 500 electric     | 24,649            |
| Tesla Model 3         | 21,023            |
| Renault ZOE           | 15,580            |
| Dacia Spring          | 15,126            |
| Peugeot 208 EV        | 14,851            |
| Tesla Model Y         | 13,664            |
| Renault Twingo EV     | 13,560            |
| Hyundai Kona Electric | 11,752            |
| Volkswagen ID.4, ID.5 | 8,989             |
| Opel Corsa-e          | 8,667             |

#### JSA\*



| Model               | Sales Jan-May '22 |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| Tesla Model Y       | 82,880            |
| Tesla Model 3       | 74,092            |
| Ford Mustang Mach-E | 15,491            |
| Tesla Model S       | 13,008            |
| Hyundai Ioniq 5     | 10,776            |
| Tesla Model X       | 9,594             |
| Kia EV6             | 9,508             |
| Nissan LEAF         | 7,178             |
| Kia Niro EV         | 6,074             |
| Polestar 2          | 4,118             |

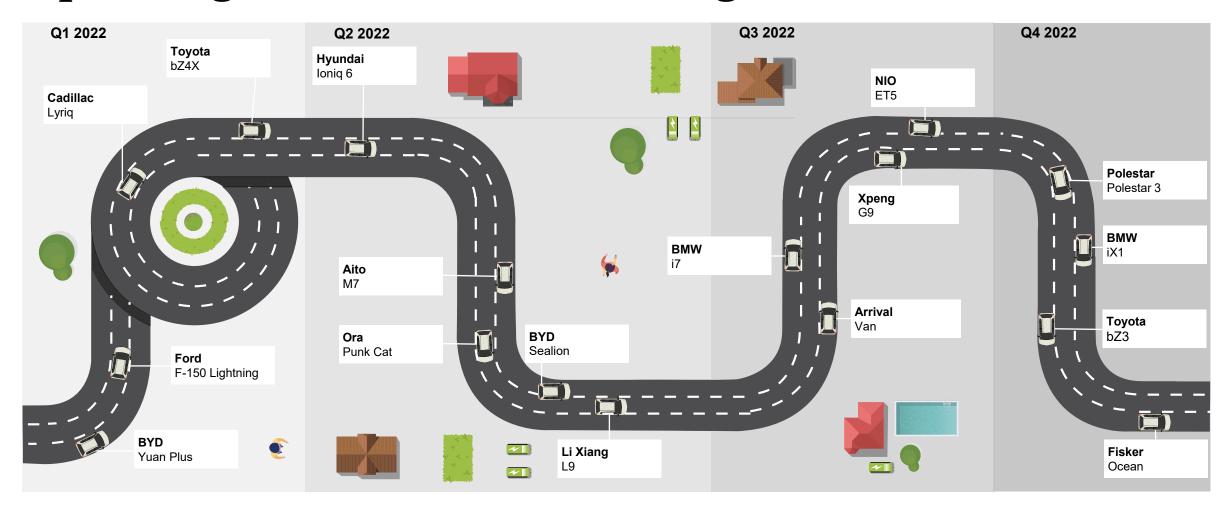
#### China



| Model                 | Sales Jan-Jun '22 |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Wuling Hongguang Mini | 188,653           |
| Tesla Model Y         | 133,666           |
| BYD Han EV            | 65,024            |
| Tesla Model 3         | 63,909            |
| Li Xiang One          | 60,403            |
| BYD Dolphin           | 58,263            |
| BYD Yuan Plus         | 54,664            |
| Chery QQ Ice Cream    | 54,097            |
| Changan Benben EV     | 51,328            |
| BYD Qin Plus EV       | 49,976            |



## Upcoming BEVs will drive market growth

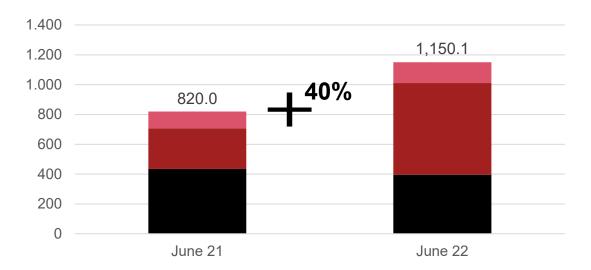


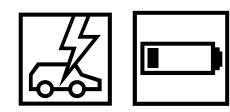


## EV sales continue to rise

## **Key Markets**

June 21 vs. June 22 (in '000 units)

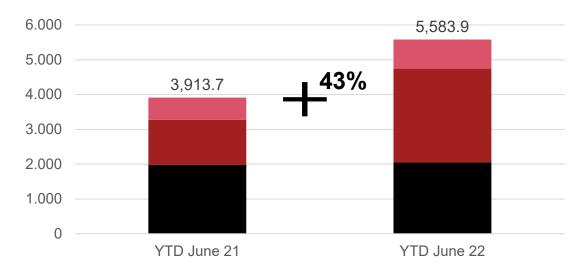






## **Electric Vehicles (EVs\*)**

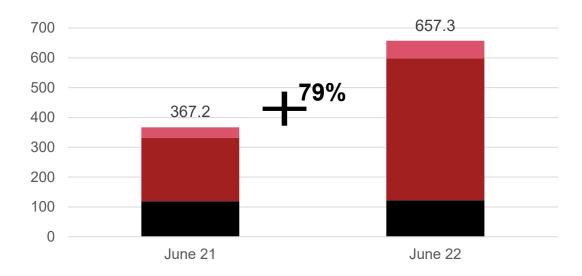
YTD June 21 vs. YTD June 22 (in '000 units)



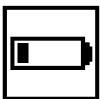


# BEVs continue their growth path in China Key Markets

#### June 21 vs. June 22 (in '000 units)



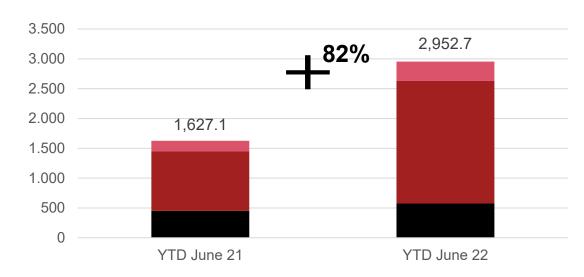






## **Battery Electric Vehicles**

#### YTD June 21 vs. YTD June 22 (in '000 units)



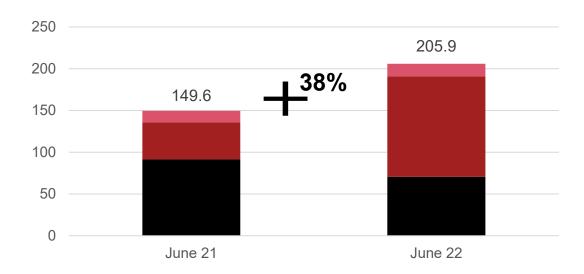
WE 5+5 China USA



## Plug-in sales decreased in WE 5+5

## **Key Markets**

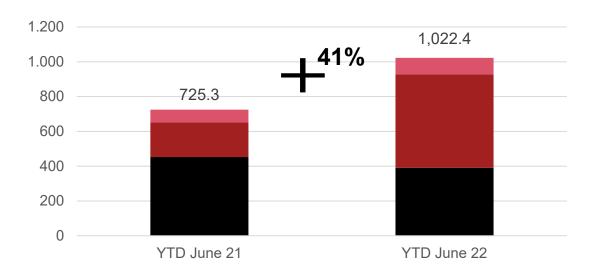
#### **June 21 vs. June 22 (in '000 units)**





## **Plug-in Hybrid**

## YTD June 21 vs. YTD June 22 (in '000 units)



WE 5+5 China USA

Strategy& 1<sup>1</sup>



4. Western Europe Top 5 and other European markets

## Western Europe 5+5

### European Top 5: France, Germany, Italy, Spain, and UK

Despite a comparative slowdown in growth during the first half of the year due to continuing problems with the supply of parts, BEV sales in the top 5 European markets still grew by 24% from the corresponding period in 2021.

The highest growth in this period was registered by the UK, up by 56% in H1 2022 vs. H1 2021. The BEV market share in the UK now stands at 14%. In a move indicating how mainstream BEVs have now become, the UK government has even removed the £1,500 grant for EV purchases. Germany also seeks to reduce BEV incentives significantly starting in 2023, while PHEV incentives are to expire by the end of this year.

France's BEV sales performance in the first half of the year was also strong, up 29% from H1 2021. Germany's growth slowed to 13%, possibly hampered by problems with parts supplies. However, Germany still boasts the highest absolute number of BEV sales in the European top 5 by a comfortable margin.

### Other European markets: (+5)

In the other European markets, the Netherlands and Sweden recorded the largest increases in BEV sales, up by 82% and 77% respectively in H1 2022 vs. H1 2021. Sweden's BEV market share has enjoyed a significant increase in the recent period, trebling from 9% in the year 2020 to 27% in H1 2022. The Netherlands BEV market benefits from a well-developed charging infrastructure.







|   | WE 5+5 | 2022 H1   | Comparison to 2021 H1 |
|---|--------|-----------|-----------------------|
|   | BEV    | 576,000   | +27%                  |
|   | PHEV   | 391,000   | -14%                  |
| 1 | Hybrid | 1,084,000 | +1%                   |
|   | Total  | 2,051,000 | +4%                   |

## **Focus Market: Turkey**

Turkey, as a potential future BEV producer, has voiced major ambitions to become a leading BEV market. BEV sales in Turkey during H1 2022 increased by 154% YoY to 2,263 units. PHEV sales, on the other hand, remained relatively flat (+0% YoY at 294 units). Overall, total EVs increased sales by 9% YoY during the first half of 2022, accounting for a market share of 8%



4. United States

## **United States**

#### USA

After taking some time to gain momentum, the US BEV market has been continuing its recent rapid rise, up by 78% in H1 2022 in comparison with the same period in 2021. The BEV market share has tripled in the space of 18 months, up from 1.6% for the year 2020 to 4.8% in H1 2022.

This belated growth is set to continue apace. Although Tesla is the frontrunner in the BEV market by a very considerable margin, other top US OEMs, such as Ford and General Motors, are vying for the number two spot. They are investing heavily in new BEV plants and models in an attempt to satisfy mushrooming customer demand, meet tougher fuel economy targets, and show investors that they are making the necessary transition to an BEV-centered future. Even BEV start-ups such as Lucid and Rivian are starting to record a meaningful volume of sales.







|          | USA    | 2022 H1 | Comparison to 2021 H1 |
|----------|--------|---------|-----------------------|
|          | BEV    | 323,000 | +78%                  |
| <b>(</b> | PHEV   | 95,000  | +29%                  |
| 1        | Hybrid | 419,000 | +9%                   |
|          | Total  | 837,000 | +31%                  |



4. China and other countries in Asia

## China and other countries in Asia







#### China

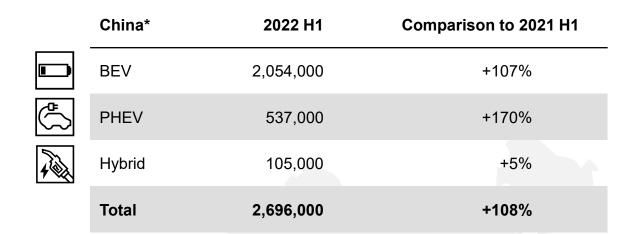
BEV sales in China hit the two million mark in the first half of 2022, more than doubling in comparison with the same period in 2021. OEMs' focus on BEVs ensured that this huge growth materialized in the face of further Covid outbreaks and restrictions, which disrupted supply chains and weakened demand. PHEV growth was even steeper in this period, rising by 170%, and is set to be further bolstered by the arrival this year of several new PHEV models.

## Japan

Although the market share of Japan's EV market is now more than 50%, it relies almost exclusively on the sale of hybrids. BEV sales grew by 76% in H1 2022 vs. H1 2021, but from a relatively low base. The BEV market share is currently just 1%.

#### South Korea

BEV sales in South Korea increased by 68% in H1 2022 from the equivalent period in 2021, continuing its rapid recent growth. The BEV market share now stands at 10%, compared to just 2% in 2020.

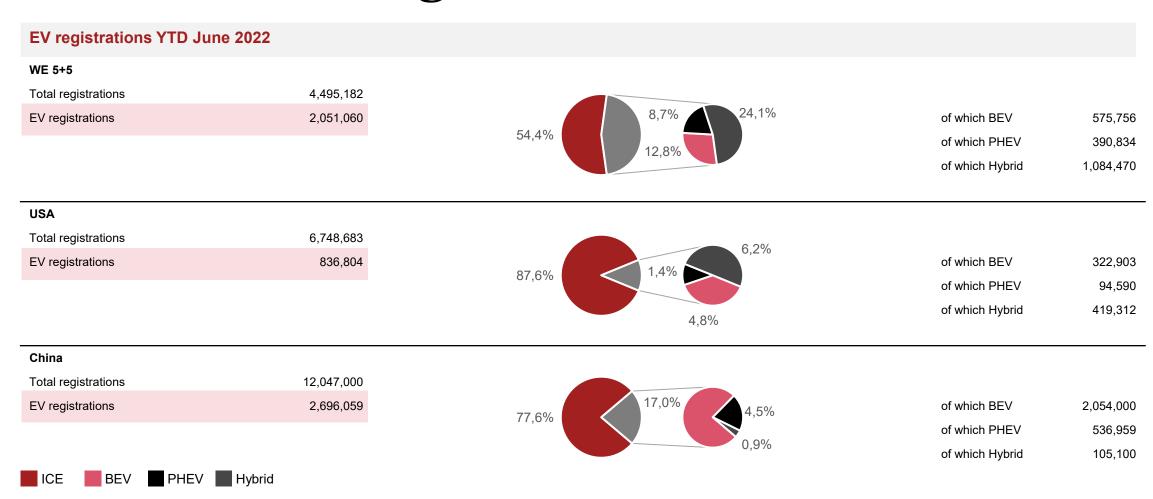


Strategy& \*Partially estimated 14



5. Rankings

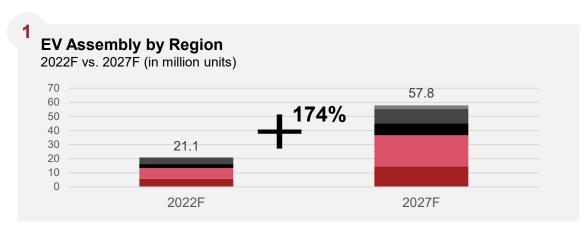
## Shares of EV registrations

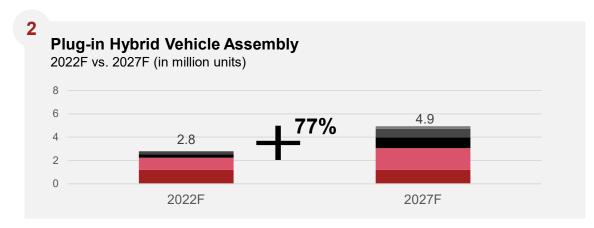


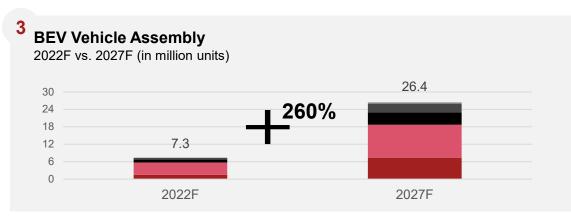


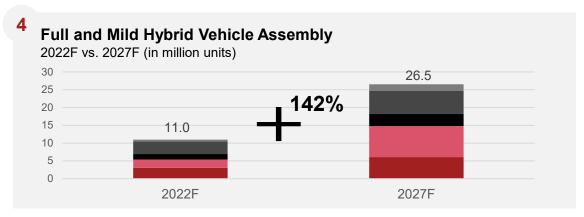
6. Electric vehicle assembly forecast

## Electrified vehicle assembly forecast by region















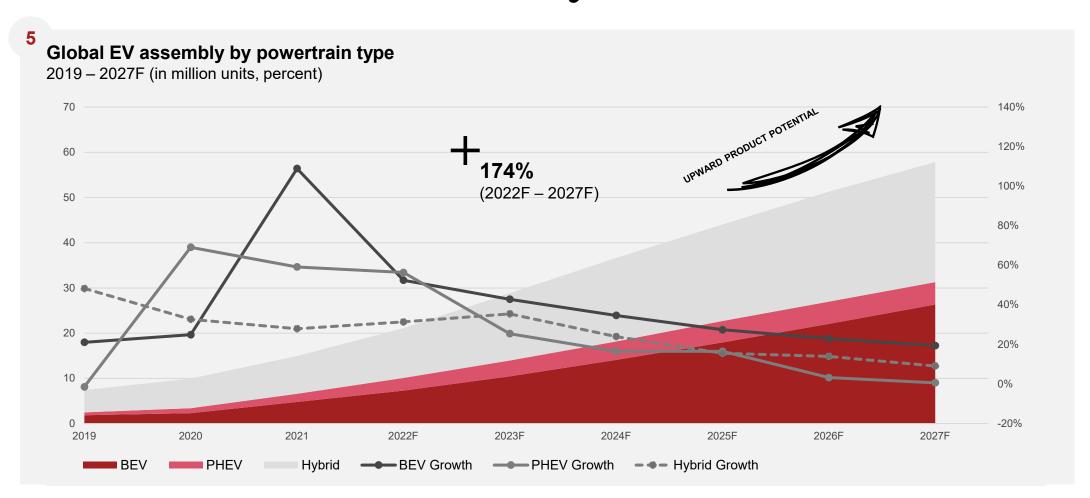






6. Electric vehicle assembly forecast

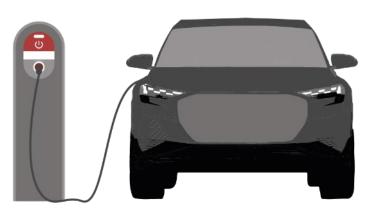
## Electric vehicle assembly forecast





# Overview: BEV model launches

2022 not exhaustive

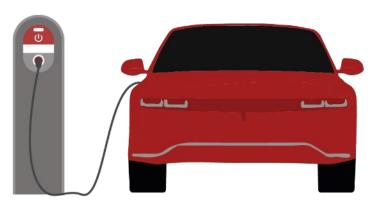


| Brand    | Model      | Launch | Quarter |
|----------|------------|--------|---------|
| Aiways   | U6         | 2022   | Q4      |
| Arrival  | Van        | 2022   | Q3      |
| Avatr    | E-SUV EV   | 2022   | Q3      |
| BMW      | i7         | 2022   | Q3      |
| BMW      | iX1        | 2022   | Q4      |
| Citroen  | C4 X       | 2022   | Q4      |
| Cruise   | Origin     | 2022   | Q4      |
| Denza    | D9         | 2022   | Q3      |
| Dongfeng | D-Sedan EV | 2022   | Q4      |
| Fisker   | Ocean      | 2022   | Q4      |
| Geely    | C+CUV EV   | 2022   | Q3      |
| Lexus    | RZ         | 2022   | Q4      |
| Lotus    | Eletre     | 2022   | Q4      |
| MG       | CyberE     | 2022   | Q4      |
| Neta     | S          | 2022   | Q4      |



# Overview: BEV model launches

2022 not exhaustive

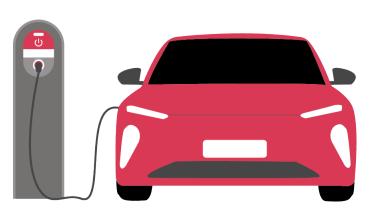


| Brand      | Model      | Launch | Quarter |
|------------|------------|--------|---------|
| NIO        | ET5        | 2022   | Q3      |
| Niutron    | NV         | 2022   | Q4      |
| POER       | Pao II     | 2022   | Q4      |
| Polestar   | Polestar 3 | 2022   | Q4      |
| Togg       | C-CUV EV   | 2022   | Q4      |
| Toyota     | bZ3        | 2022   | Q4      |
| Volkswagen | ID.Buzz    | 2022   | Q3      |
| WM         | M7         | 2022   | Q3      |
| Wuling     | Jiachen    | 2022   | Q3      |
| Xpeng      | G9         | 2022   | Q3      |
| Zeekr      | 002        | 2022   | Q3      |



# Overview: BEV model launches

2023-2026 not exhaustive

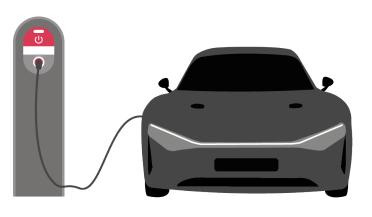


| Brand      | Model             | Launch |
|------------|-------------------|--------|
| Acura      | ADX               | 2024   |
| Alfa Romeo | Stelvio           | 2025   |
| Arcfox     | C-Sedan           | 2023   |
| Arrival    | Car               | 2023   |
| Audi       | A6 e-tron         | 2024   |
| BMW        | i5                | 2023   |
| Canoo      | Lifestyle Vehicle | 2023   |
| Chevrolet  | Equinox EV        | 2023   |
| Chevrolet  | Silverado EV      | 2023   |
| Citroen    | C3 Aircross       | 2023   |
| Fiat       | Panda             | 2024   |
| Fisker     | PEAR              | 2024   |
| Geely      | C-Sedan EV        | 2024   |
| Hyundai    | loniq 7           | 2024   |
| Jeep       | Cherokee Sport EV | 2024   |



# Overview: BEV model launches

2023-2026 not exhaustive



| Brand      | Model           | Launch |
|------------|-----------------|--------|
| Kia        | EV9             | 2023   |
| Kia        | EV7             | 2023   |
| Kia        | EV4             | 2024   |
| Kia        | EV5             | 2024   |
| Lucid      | Gravity         | 2024   |
| NIO        | ES5             | 2023   |
| Nissan     | Bluebird Sylphy | 2025   |
| Opel       | Manta           | 2025   |
| Polestar   | Polestar 5      | 2024   |
| Porsche    | Macan           | 2023   |
| Rivian     | R1X             | 2023   |
| Tesla      | Cybertruck      | 2023   |
| Tesla      | Roadster        | 2023   |
| Volkswagen | ID.7            | 2023   |
| Volkswagen | Trinity         | 2026   |



## Electric vehicle sales data

Germany, UK, France, Italy, Spain, WE-5

#### Legend

MoY = Month-on-Year QoY = Quarter-on-Year YoY = Year-on-Year YTD = Year-to-Date

|         |          | YTD<br>2022 | Market<br>Share | YTD<br>2021 | YoY<br>YTD | 22 Q2   | QoY<br>22 Q2 | Jun<br>22 | MoY<br>Jun 22 | May<br>22 | MoY<br>May 22 | Apr<br>22 | MoY<br>Apr 22 |
|---------|----------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|------------|---------|--------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|---------------|
|         | BEV      | 167,263     | 13.5%           | 148,716     | 12.5%      | 83,591  | -0.5%        | 32,234    | -3.5%         | 29,182    | 8.9%          | 22,175    | -6.9%         |
|         | PHEV     | 138,880     | 11.2%           | 163,571     | -15.1%     | 71,109  | -16.9%       | 26,203    | -16.3%        | 23,209    | -14.7%        | 21,697    | -19.6%        |
|         | Hybrid   | 233,240     | 18.8%           | 220,827     | 5.6%       | 111,699 | -6.5%        | 39,160    | -13.5%        | 37,450    | 0.8%          | 35,089    | -5.4%         |
| Germany | Total EV | 539,383     | 43.6%           | 533,114     | 1.2%       | 266,399 | -7.8%        | 97,597    | -11.3%        | 89,841    | -1.4%         | 78,961    | -10.2%        |
|         | BEV      | 115,249     | 14.4%           | 73,893      | 56.0%      | 51,084  | 21.3%        | 22,737    | 14.6%         | 15,448    | 17.7%         | 12,899    | 40.9%         |
|         | PHEV     | 51,263      | 6.4%            | 58,179      | -11.9%     | 21,502  | -31.9%       | 7,714     | -36.5%        | 7,339     | -25.5%        | 6,449     | -32.8%        |
|         | Hybrid   | 238,365     | 29.7%           | 242,231     | -1.6%      | 116,186 | -12.5%       | 40,499    | -23.2%        | 37,226    | -12.4%        | 38,461    | 2.2%          |
| UK      | Total EV | 404,877     | 50.5%           | 374,303     | 8.2%       | 188,772 | -8.6%        | 70,950    | -16.2%        | 60,013    | -8.3%         | 57,809    | 2.5%          |
|         | BEV      | 93,344      | 12.1%           | 72,454      | 28.8%      | 49,838  | 18.6%        | 21,900    | 5.0%          | 15,246    | 31.9%         | 12,692    | 32.2%         |
|         | PHEV     | 62,810      | 8.1%            | 71,708      | -12.4%     | 33,500  | -17.4%       | 11,964    | -27.4%        | 11,302    | -12.1%        | 10,234    | -8.8%         |
|         | Hybrid   | 164,069     | 21.3%           | 152,124     | 7.9%       | 90,989  | 11.5%        | 43,023    | 18.2%         | 26,006    | 11.4%         | 21,960    | 0.4%          |
| France  | Total EV | 320,223     | 41.5%           | 296,286     | 8.1%       | 174,327 | 6.2%         | 76,887    | 4.3%          | 52,554    | 10.1%         | 44,886    | 5.2%          |
|         | BEV      | 24,942      | 3.6%            | 30,241      | -17.5%     | 13,653  | -19.6%       | 6,148     | -12.3%        | 4,473     | -12.7%        | 3,032     | -37.4%        |
|         | PHEV     | 37,490      | 5.5%            | 37,750      | -0.7%      | 20,163  | -6.9%        | 7,051     | -1.6%         | 7,486     | -3.5%         | 5,626     | -16.3%        |
|         | Hybrid   | 226,109     | 33.0%           | 243,081     | -7.0%      | 111,193 | -9.2%        | 36,834    | -9.8%         | 40,520    | 1.3%          | 33,839    | -18.8%        |
| Italy   | Total EV | 288,541     | 42.2%           | 311,072     | -7.2%      | 145,009 | -10.0%       | 50,033    | -9.1%         | 52,479    | -0.8%         | 42,497    | -20.2%        |
|         | BEV      | 16,242      | 4.0%            | 10,579      | 53.5%      | 7,934   | 19.4%        | 3,448     | 20.9%         | 2,341     | 14.9%         | 2,145     | 22.1%         |
|         | PHEV     | 24,086      | 5.9%            | 19,170      | 25.6%      | 13,518  | 12.5%        | 4,295     | -3.9%         | 4,833     | 8.3%          | 4,390     | 42.6%         |
|         | Hybrid   | 117,606     | 28.8%           | 110,117     | 6.8%       | 70,041  | 3.1%         | 25,221    | -5.2%         | 25,212    | 11.3%         | 19,608    | 4.9%          |
| Spain   | Total EV | 157,934     | 38.7%           | 139,866     | 12.9%      | 91,493  | 5.7%         | 32,964    | -2.8%         | 32,386    | 11.1%         | 26,143    | 11.2%         |
|         | BEV      | 417,040     | 10.7%           | 335,883     | 24.2%      | 206,100 | 7.5%         | 86,467    | 3.0%          | 66,690    | 13.8%         | 52,943    | 7.7%          |
|         | PHEV     | 314,529     | 8.1%            | 350,378     | -10.2%     | 159,792 | -16.5%       | 57,227    | -20.0%        | 54,169    | -12.8%        | 48,396    | -16.0%        |
|         | Hybrid   | 979,389     | 25.1%           | 968,380     | 1.1%       | 500,108 | -4.6%        | 184,737   | -8.4%         | 166,414   | 0.5%          | 148,957   | -5.1%         |
| WE-5    | Total EV | 1,710,958   | 43.8%           | 1,654,641   | 3.4%       | 866,000 | -4.6%        | 328,431   | -8.1%         | 287,273   | 0.3%          | 250,296   | -5.1%         |



## Electric vehicle sales data

Sweden, Norway, Netherlands, Switzerland, Austria, WE 5+5

#### Legend

MoY = Month-on-Year QoY = Quarter-on-Year YoY = Year-on-Year YTD = Year-to-Date

|             |          | YTD<br>2022 | Market<br>Share | YTD<br>2021 | YoY<br>YTD    | 22 Q2     | QoY<br>22 Q2  | Jun<br>22 | MoY<br>Jun 22 | May<br>22 | MoY<br>May 22 | Apr<br>22 | MoY<br>Apr 22 |
|-------------|----------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|---------------|
|             | BEV      | 40,360      | 26.8%           | 22,768      | 77.3%         | 20,394    | 16.1%         | 8,365     | -3.9%         | 6,529     | 64.4%         | 5,500     | 12.5%         |
|             | PHEV     | 35,172      | 23.4%           | 46,741      | -24.8%        | 17,459    | -9.5%         | 6,159     | -32.7%        | 6,146     | 10.6%         | 5,154     | 12.6%         |
|             | Hybrid   | 14,025      | 9.3%            | 13,897      | 0.9%          | 7,403     | 1.2%          | 2,067     | -29.3%        | 2,600     | 8.2%          | 2,736     | 37.3%         |
| Sweden      | Total EV | 89,557      | 59.5%           | 83,406      | 7.4%          | 45,256    | 2.5%          | 16,591    | -20.1%        | 15,275    | 28.0%         | 13,390    | 16.9%         |
|             | BEV      | 54,177      | 79.1%           | 48,062      | 12.7%         | 27,374    | -5.3%         | 11,722    | -11.1%        | 8,445     | -0.6%         | 7,207     | -0.3%         |
|             | PHEV     | 6,364       | 9.3%            | 21,281      | -70.1%        | 4,026     | -62.3%        | 1,669     | -59.7%        | 1,375     | -57.3%        | 982       | -70.4%        |
|             | Hybrid   | 3,248       | 4.7%            | 5,989       | -45.8%        | 2,066     | -39.5%        | 549       | -60.8%        | 808       | -26.4%        | 709       | -22.8%        |
| Norway      | Total EV | 63,789      | 93.1%           | 75,332      | -15.3%        | 33,466    | -22.2%        | 13,940    | -25.5%        | 10,628    | -17.1%        | 8,898     | -22.4%        |
|             | BEV      | 31,694      | 20.6%           | 17,450      | 81.6%         | 18,280    | 47.9%         | 7,812     | 26.1%         | 5,348     | 47.3%         | 5,120     | 102.1%        |
|             | PHEV     | 18,806      | 12.2%           | 15,938      | 18.0%         | 8,759     | 6.5%          | 2,723     | -5.4%         | 2,875     | 9.3%          | 3,161     | 16.6%         |
|             | Hybrid   | 39,649      | 25.8%           | 38,371      | 3.3%          | 18,106    | <b>-</b> 5.1% | 6,798     | -9.3%         | 5,561     | -3.7%         | 5,747     | -0.9%         |
| Netherlands | Total EV | 90,149      | 58.6%           | 71,759      | 25.6%         | 45,145    | 13.8%         | 17,333    | 4.6%          | 13,784    | 14.5%         | 14,028    | 27.0%         |
|             | BEV      | 17,992      | 16.4%           | 12,319      | 46.1%         | 9,172     | 21.0%         | 4,446     | 20.5%         | 2,638     | 37.5%         | 2,088     | 5.8%          |
|             | PHEV     | 9,421       | 8.6%            | 10,356      | -9.0%         | 4,423     | -26.8%        | 1,536     | -32.8%        | 1,609     | -12.4%        | 1,278     | -33.4%        |
|             | Hybrid   | 27,505      | 25.1%           | 25,698      | 7.0%          | 14,146    | 0.5%          | 5,132     | -3.0%         | 4,815     | 20.1%         | 4,199     | -12.1%        |
| Switzerland | Total EV | 54,918      | 50.1%           | 48,373      | 13.5%         | 27,741    | 0.2%          | 11,114    | -1.3%         | 9,062     | 16.7%         | 7,565     | -12.7%        |
|             | BEV      | 14,493      | 13.3%           | 15,347      | -5.6%         | 7,327     | -16.0%        | 3,414     | -5.5%         | 2,064     | -23.8%        | 1,849     | -23.1%        |
|             | PHEV     | 6,542       | 6.0%            | 7,940       | -17.6%        | 3,336     | -20.9%        | 1,192     | -14.8%        | 1,053     | -30.1%        | 1,091     | -16.8%        |
|             | Hybrid   | 20,654      | 19.0%           | 22,574      | <b>-</b> 8.5% | 10,952    | -11.3%        | 3,971     | -16.9%        | 3,575     | -11.5%        | 3,406     | -3.6%         |
| Austria     | Total EV | 41,689      | 38.4%           | 45,861      | <b>-</b> 9.1% | 21,615    | -14.6%        | 8,577     | -12.4%        | 6,692     | -19.0%        | 6,346     | -12.4%        |
|             | BEV      | 575,756     | 12.8%           | 451,829     | 27.4%         | 288,647   | 8.1%          | 122,226   | 2.4%          | 91,714    | 15.6%         | 74,707    | 9.6%          |
|             | PHEV     | 390,834     | 8.7%            | 452,634     | -13.7%        | 197,795   | -17.5%        | 70,506    | -22.9%        | 67,227    | -12.6%        | 60,062    | -15.9%        |
|             | Hybrid   | 1,084,470   | 24.1%           | 1,074,909   | 0.9%          | 552,781   | -4.8%         | 203,254   | -9.1%         | 183,773   | 0.4%          | 165,754   | -4.7%         |
| WE 5+5      | Total EV | 2,051,060   | 45.6%           | 1,979,372   | 3.6%          | 1,039,223 | -4.4%         | 395,986   | -8.9%         | 342,714   | 1.0%          | 300,523   | -4.2%         |



## Electric vehicle sales data

China, Japan, USA, South Korea, Analyzed Markets

| Legend |
|--------|
|--------|

MoY = Month-on-Year QoY = Quarter-on-Year YoY = Year-on-Year YTD = Year-to-Date

|                     |          | YTD<br>2022 | Market<br>Share | YTD<br>2021 | YoY<br>YTD | 22 Q2     | QoY<br>22 Q2 | Jun<br>22 | MoY<br>Jun 22 | May<br>22 | MoY<br>May 22 | Apr<br>22 | MoY<br>Apr 22 |
|---------------------|----------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|---------------|
|                     | BEV      | 2,054,000   | 17.0%           | 994,000     | 106.6%     | 1,054,000 | 87.5%        | 476,000   | 124.5%        | 347,000   | 93.9%         | 231,000   | 35.1%         |
|                     | PHEV     | 536,959     | 4.5%            | 199,240     | 169.5%     | 288,359   | 144.7%       | 120,300   | 170.9%        | 100,031   | 160.5%        | 68,028    | 94.1%         |
|                     | Hybrid   | 105,100     | 0.9%            | 100,276     | 4.8%       | 53,071    | -0.4%        | 18,060    | 8.1%          | 17,679    | 1.3%          | 17,332    | -9.3%         |
| China*              | Total EV | 2,696,059   | 22.4%           | 1,293,516   | 108.4%     | 1,395,430 | 90.3%        | 614,360   | 124.9%        | 464,710   | 97.9%         | 316,360   | 40.5%         |
|                     | BEV      | 14,752      | 1.3%            | 8,407       | 75.5%      | 6,561     | 103.1%       | 3,379     | 158.5%        | 1,572     | 27.0%         | 1,610     | 134.7%        |
|                     | PHEV     | 18,864      | 1.7%            | 11,472      | 64.4%      | 8,528     | 57.2%        | 3,306     | 42.7%         | 2,953     | 95.3%         | 2,269     | 42.0%         |
|                     | Hybrid   | 522,948     | 47.1%           | 518,546     | 0.8%       | 214,443   | -0.8%        | 78,472    | -1.6%         | 65,190    | -0.5%         | 70,781    | -0.1%         |
| Japan               | Total EV | 556,564     | 50.1%           | 538,425     | 3.4%       | 229,532   | 2.1%         | 85,157    | 2.1%          | 69,715    | 2.1%          | 74,660    | 2.1%          |
|                     | BEV      | 322,903     | 4.8%            | 181,242     | 78.2%      | 172,343   | 62.7%        | 59,090    | 65.0%         | 57,804    | 52.2%         | 55,449    | 72.7%         |
|                     | PHEV     | 94,590      | 1.4%            | 73,400      | 28.9%      | 46,972    | 10.2%        | 15,121    | 9.5%          | 15,804    | -0.1%         | 16,047    | 23.5%         |
|                     | Hybrid   | 419,312     | 6.2%            | 386,204     | 8.6%       | 214,066   | 1.5%         | 65,533    | 4.3%          | 73,624    | -1.9%         | 74,909    | 2.5%          |
| USA                 | Total EV | 836,804     | 12.4%           | 640,846     | 30.6%      | 433,381   | 20.6%        | 139,744   | 24.3%         | 147,232   | 14.3%         | 146,405   | 23.8%         |
|                     | BEV      | 64,559      | 9.7%            | 38,486      | 67.7%      | 39,033    | 44.3%        | 12,173    | -9.9%         | 14,392    | 56.0%         | 12,468    | 189.0%        |
|                     | PHEV     | 7,187       | 1.1%            | 11,302      | -36.4%     | 3,046     | -49.4%       | 970       | -55.1%        | 891       | -56.4%        | 1,185     | -34.6%        |
|                     | Hybrid   | 129,585     | 19.4%           | 95,285      | 36.0%      | 74,570    | 45.3%        | 25,443    | 37.8%         | 24,450    | 63.4%         | 24,677    | 38.0%         |
| South Korea         | Total EV | 201,331     | 30.1%           | 145,073     | 38.8%      | 116,649   | 38.3%        | 38,586    | 13.0%         | 39,733    | 51.5%         | 38,330    | 59.7%         |
|                     | BEV      | 3,031,970   | 12.1%           | 1,673,964   | 81.1%      | 1,560,584 | 61.7%        | 672,868   | 76.1%         | 512,482   | 67.1%         | 375,234   | 35.8%         |
|                     | PHEV     | 1,048,434   | 4.2%            | 748,048     | 40.2%      | 544,700   | 32.3%        | 210,203   | 36.4%         | 186,906   | 38.8%         | 147,591   | 20.1%         |
|                     | Hybrid   | 2,261,414   | 9.0%            | 2,175,220   | 4.0%       | 1,108,931 | -0.3%        | 390,762   | -2.7%         | 364,716   | 2.5%          | 353,453   | -0.4%         |
| Analyzed<br>Markets | Total EV | 6,341,818   | 25.3%           | 4,597,232   | 37.9%      | 3,214,215 | 29.1%        | 1,273,833 | 35.9%         | 1,064,104 | 33.4%         | 876,278   | 16.2%         |



9. Contacts

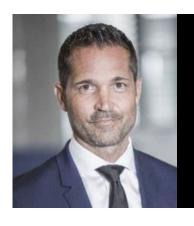
## Authors and PR contact



Felix Kuhnert
Partner, Automotive Industry Leader,
PwC Germany
Phone: +49 711 25034-3309
felix.kuhnert@pwc.com



Steven van Arsdale
Manager, PwC Autofacts®,
PwC Germany
Phone: +49 69 9585-2914
steven.james.van.arsdale@pwc.com



Jörn Neuhausen
Director,
Strategy& Germany
Phone: +49 211 3890-345
joern.neuhausen
@strategyand.de.pwc.com



Annabelle Kliesing
Senior Communications Lead,
Strategy& Germany
Phone: +49 89 54525-613
annabelle.kliesing@pwc.com



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